nedical breakthrough

High-tech back microsurgery eliminates hospital stays

REVOLUTIONARY new type of back microsurgery can repair ruptured spinal disks on an outpatient basis and send patients ome - free of pain - the very

In the past, traditional back rgery was a major operation at exposed the spine and refired general anesthesia. There as a risk of nerve damage and ws of hospitalization were need-

But this groundbreaking techque - called guided endoscopic scectomy — uses a small probe reach the damaged disk rough a small incision and can done with local anesthesia. Paents are up and about in an hour with only a Band-Aid needed to wer the freckle-size wound.

There's little, if any, pain and no tches. And it's so safe, there is tually no risk of scarring in or ound the nerves.

This is a great procedure for e vast majority of back paents," its developer, Beverly als neurosurgeon Dr. David A. tsworth, told The ENQUIRER. It is effective, low risk, and al-

ws for a much ster return to ork and daily ac-

Eighty percent the 300 million ople in the U.S. suffer a major oblem with lowback pain, say

who pture disks will

Disks are the spongy material tween vertebrae in the spine at cushions movement. If an incauses a disk to herniate or pture, it can press on a nerve d the pain can be excruciating.

MANY SUFFER

Unfortunately, many patients ffer in agonizing silence beuse they're afraid of traditional reery and its drawbacks.

That is where this special



technique can help. Using X-ray

fluoroscopy and magnified video for guidance, Dr. Ditsworth inserts a specially designed endoscopic probe through the skin of the back, between the vertebrae and into the herniated disk space.

Tiny surgical attachments are then sent down the hollow center of the probe to correct the protruding portion of the disk.

"Unlike standard back surgery. there is no traumatic muscle dissection, no bone removal and no large skin incision," said Dr. Ditsworth. "The risk of complications from scarring, blood loss and anesthesia is eliminated.

"For that reason, patients who are in poor health and have medical conditions are actually prime candidates for the treatment."

Jeff Naruko, 33, a UPS computer technician, says the microsurgery gave him his life back. He suffered three ruptured disks in a car accident.

"Before I went to see Dr. Ditsworth I could barely move or



DR. DAVID A. DITSWORTH has perfected the groundbreaking back surgery technique.

even stand up. I couldn't go to work," he told The ENQUIRER.

"My back pain was so bad, even painkillers didn't help. The first doctor I saw wanted to do openback surgery. But when I heard about Dr. Ditsworth's endoscopic procedure, it seemed a much better option. I went in for surgery at Il a.m. and left in the afternoon.

"The very next morning, I could

walk without pain - and without using crutches.

never imagined my pain could disappear so easily and completely. It was almost instantaneous. I'm

PATIENT Jeff Naruko

grateful I found this procedure!" Over the past 20 years, Dr. Ditsworth has treated hundreds of patients with this approach at his clinics in New York and L.A. He has an overall success rate of 96 percent with well-selected

He said it can help most people with ruptured disks, except those with problems of advanced spinal arthritis or spinal stenosis (narrowing of spinal spaces).

Many people with chronic back pain are suffering too much for too long and need more advanced treatment," he said. "This is the back surgery of the future."

For further information and help in finding a qualified physician in your area, call toll-free 1-800-956-6724 or go on the Web to www.spineonline.com.

- ROBIN MIZRAHI